

CoolMOS™ Power Transistor
Features

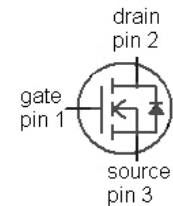
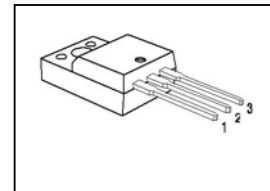
- Intrinsic fast-recovery body diode
- Extremely low reverse recovery charge
- Ultra low gate charge
- Extreme dv/dt rated
- High peak current capability
- Qualified according to JEDEC¹⁾ for target applications

CoolMOS CFD designed for:

- Soft switching PWM Stages
- LCD & CRT TV

Product Summary

$V_{DS} @ T_{jmax}$	650	V
$R_{DS(on),max}$	0.7	Ω
I_D	6.6	A

PG-TO220 FP


Type	Package	Marking
SPA07N60CFD	PG-TO220FP	07N60CFD

Maximum ratings, at $T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$, unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Value	Unit
Continuous drain current ²⁾	I_D	$T_C=25^\circ\text{C}$	6.6	A
		$T_C=100^\circ\text{C}$	4.3	
Pulsed drain current ³⁾	$I_{D,pulse}$	$T_C=25^\circ\text{C}$	17	
Avalanche energy, single pulse	E_{AS}	$I_D=3.3\text{ A}, V_{DD}=50\text{ V}$	230	mJ
Avalanche energy, repetitive ^{3),4)}	E_{AR}	$I_D=6.6\text{ A}, V_{DD}=50\text{ V}$	0.5	
Avalanche current, repetitive ^{3),4)}	I_{AR}		6.6	A
Drain source voltage slope	dv/dt	$I_D=6.6\text{ A}, V_{DS}=480\text{ V}, T_j=125^\circ\text{C}$	80	V/ns
Reverse diode dv/dt	dv/dt	$I_S=6.6\text{ A}, V_{DS}=480\text{ V}, T_j=125^\circ\text{C}$	40	V/ns
Maximum diode commutation speed	di/dt	$T_j=125^\circ\text{C}$	600	A/ μs
Gate source voltage	V_{GS}	static	± 20	V
		AC ($f > 1\text{ Hz}$)	± 30	
Power dissipation	P_{tot}	$T_C=25^\circ\text{C}$	32	W
Operating and storage temperature	T_j, T_{stg}		-55 ... 150	$^\circ\text{C}$
Mounting torque		M3 & M3.5 screws	50	Ncm

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Values			Unit
			min.	typ.	max.	

Thermal characteristics

Thermal resistance, junction - case	R_{thJC}		-	-	3.9	K/W
Thermal resistance, junction - ambient	R_{thJA}	leaded	-	-	62	
Soldering temperature, wave soldering only allowed at leads	T_{sold}	1.6 mm (0.063 in.) from case for 10 s	-	-	260	°C

Electrical characteristics, at $T_j=25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$, unless otherwise specified
Static characteristics

Drain-source breakdown voltage	$V_{(BR)DSS}$	$V_{GS}=0\text{ V}, I_D=250\text{ }\mu\text{A}$	600	-	-	V
Avalanche breakdown voltage	$V_{(BR)DS}$	$V_{GS}=0\text{ V}, I_D=6.6\text{ A}$	-	700	-	
Gate threshold voltage	$V_{GS(th)}$	$V_{DS}=V_{GS}, I_D=300\text{ }\mu\text{A}$	3	4	5	
Zero gate voltage drain current	I_{DSS}	$V_{DS}=600\text{ V}, V_{GS}=0\text{ V}, T_j=25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	-	0.6	-	μA
		$V_{DS}=600\text{ V}, V_{GS}=0\text{ V}, T_j=150\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	-	630	-	
Gate-source leakage current	I_{GSS}	$V_{GS}=20\text{ V}, V_{DS}=0\text{ V}$	-	-	100	nA
Drain-source on-state resistance	$R_{DS(on)}$	$V_{GS}=10\text{ V}, I_D=4.6\text{ A}, T_j=25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	-	0.59	0.7	Ω
		$V_{GS}=10\text{ V}, I_D=4.6\text{ A}, T_j=150\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	-	1.6	-	
Gate resistance	R_G	$f=1\text{ MHz}, \text{open drain}$	-	1.2	-	
Transconductance	g_{fs}	$ V_{DS} >2 I_D R_{DS(on)max}, I_D=4.6\text{ A}$	-	5.0	-	S

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Values			Unit
			min.	typ.	max.	

Dynamic characteristics

Input capacitance	C_{iss}	$V_{GS}=0\text{ V}, V_{DS}=25\text{ V},$ $f=1\text{ MHz}$	-	790	-	pF
Output capacitance	C_{oss}		-	260	-	
Reverse transfer capacitance	C_{rss}		-	16	-	
Effective output capacitance, energy related ⁵⁾	$C_{o(er)}$	$V_{GS}=0\text{ V}, V_{DS}=0\text{ V}$ to 480 V	-	30	-	
Effective output capacitance, time related ⁶⁾	$C_{o(tr)}$		-	55	-	
Turn-on delay time	$t_{d(on)}$	$V_{DD}=400\text{ V},$ $V_{GS}=10\text{ V}, I_D=6.6\text{ A},$ $R_G=6.8\ \Omega$	-	12	-	ns
Rise time	t_r		-	25	-	
Turn-off delay time	$t_{d(off)}$		-	36	-	
Fall time	t_f		-	9	-	

Gate Charge Characteristics

Gate to source charge	Q_{gs}	$V_{DD}=480\text{ V}, I_D=6.6\text{ A},$ $V_{GS}=0\text{ to }10\text{ V}$	-	6.6	-	nC
Gate to drain charge	Q_{gd}		-	20	-	
Gate charge total	Q_g		-	35	47	
Gate plateau voltage	$V_{plateau}$		-	7.2	-	V

¹⁾ J-STD20 and JESD22

²⁾ Limited only by maximum temperature

³⁾ Pulse width t_p limited by $T_{j,max}$

⁴⁾ Repetitive avalanche causes additional power losses that can be calculated as $P_{AV}=E_{AR} \cdot f$.

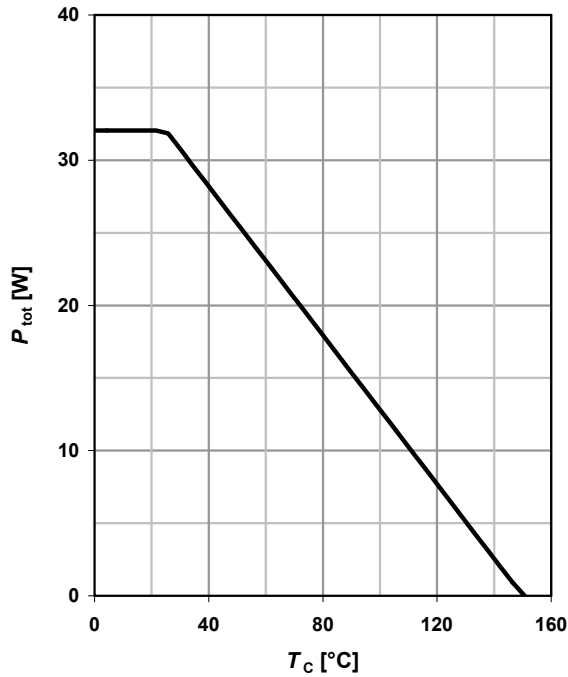
⁵⁾ $C_{o(er)}$ is a fixed capacitance that gives the same stored energy as C_{oss} while V_{DS} is rising from 0 to 80% V_{DSS} .

⁶⁾ $C_{o(tr)}$ is a fixed capacitance that gives the same charging time as C_{oss} while V_{DS} is rising from 0 to 80% V_{DSS} .

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Values			Unit
			min.	typ.	max.	
Reverse Diode						
Diode continuous forward current ²⁾	I_S	$T_C=25\text{ °C}$	-	-	6.6	A
Diode pulse current ³⁾	$I_{S,pulse}$		-	-	17	
Diode forward voltage	V_{SD}	$V_{GS}=0\text{ V}, I_F=I_S,$ $T_j=25\text{ °C}$	-	1.0	1.2	V
Reverse recovery time	t_{rr}	$V_R=480\text{ V}, I_F=I_S,$ $di_F/dt=100\text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$	-	104	-	ns
Reverse recovery charge	Q_{rr}		-	0.5	-	μC
Peak reverse recovery current	I_{rrm}		-	8	-	A
Peak rate of fall of reverse recovery current	di_{rr}/dt	$T_j=25\text{ °C}$	-	1000	-	$\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$

1 Power dissipation

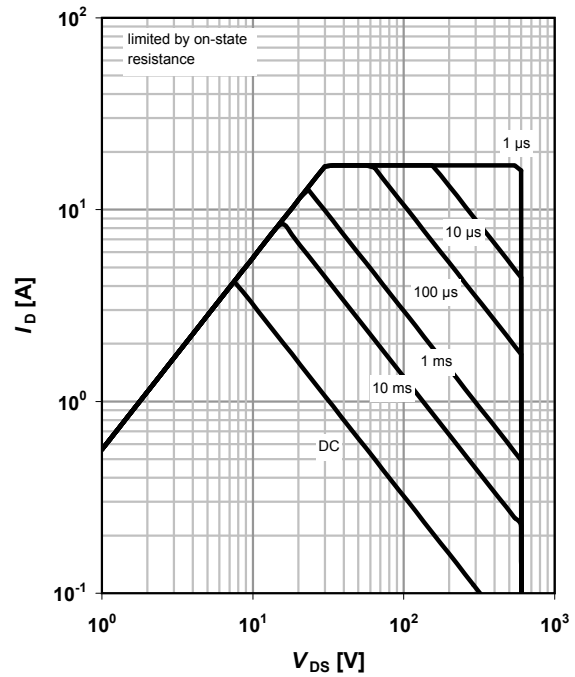
$P_{tot}=f(T_C)$



2 Safe operating area

$I_D=f(V_{DS}); T_C=25\text{ °C}; D=0$

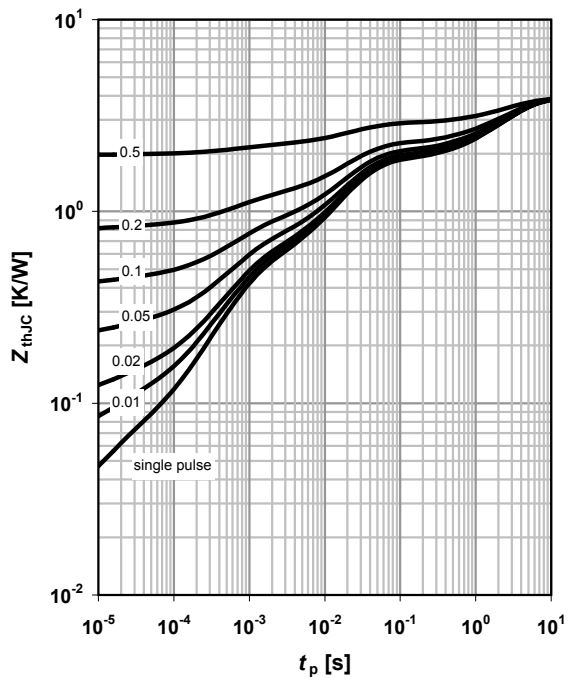
parameter: t_p



3 Max. transient thermal impedance

$I_D=f(V_{DS}); T_J=25\text{ °C}$

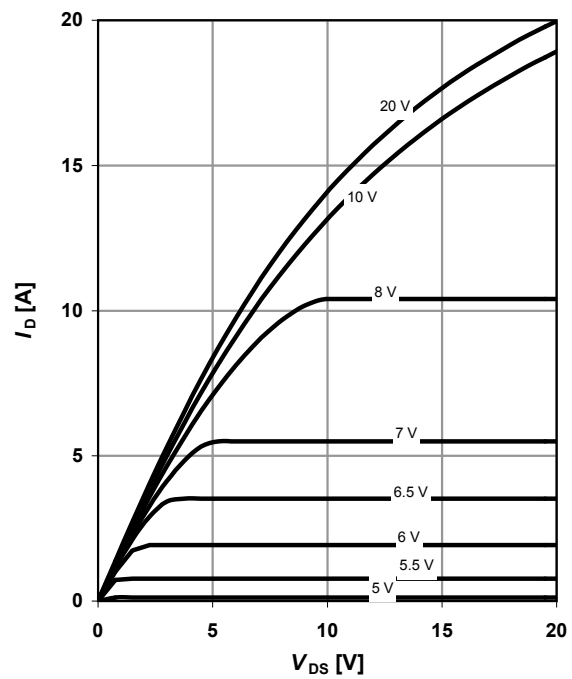
parameter: $D=t_p/T$



4 Typ. output characteristics

$I_D=f(V_{DS}); T_J=25\text{ °C}$

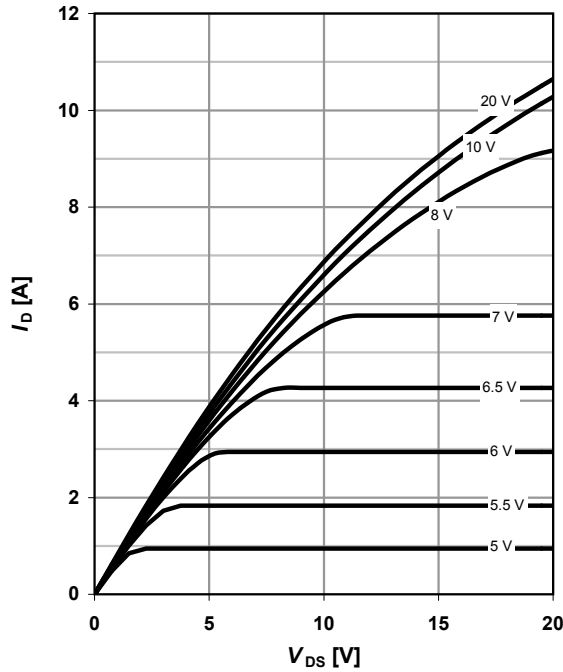
parameter: V_{GS}



5 Typ. output characteristics

$I_D = f(V_{DS}); T_j = 150\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$

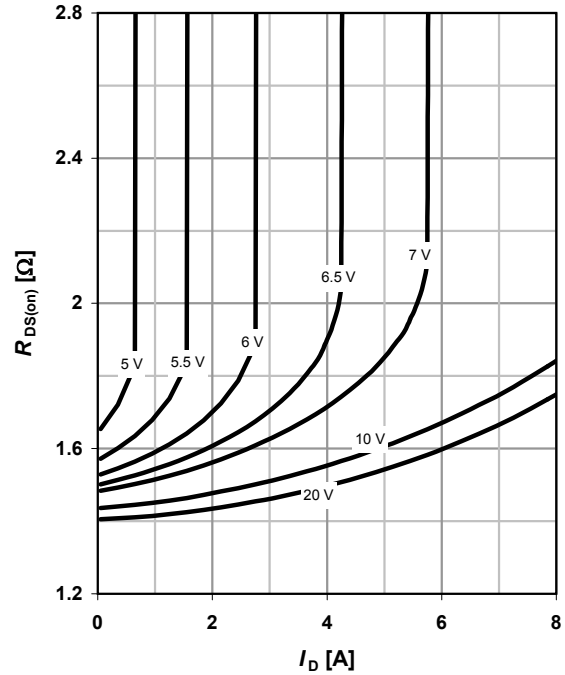
parameter: V_{GS}



6 Typ. drain-source on-state resistance

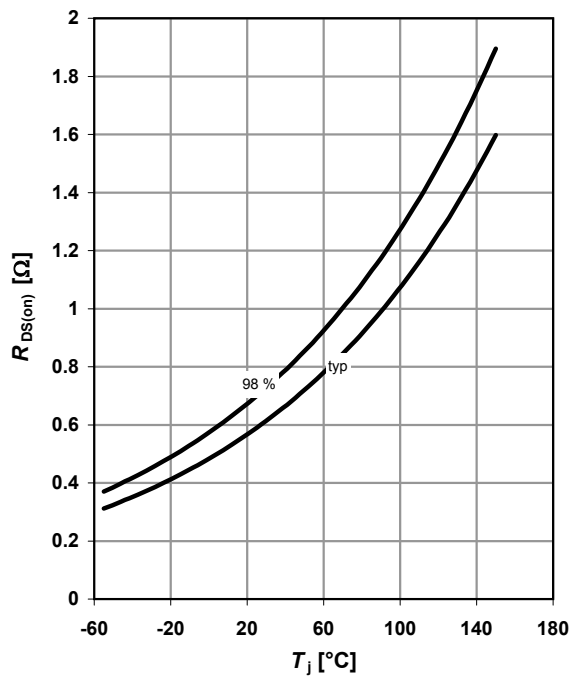
$R_{DS(on)} = f(I_D); T_j = 150\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$

parameter: V_{GS}



7 Drain-source on-state resistance

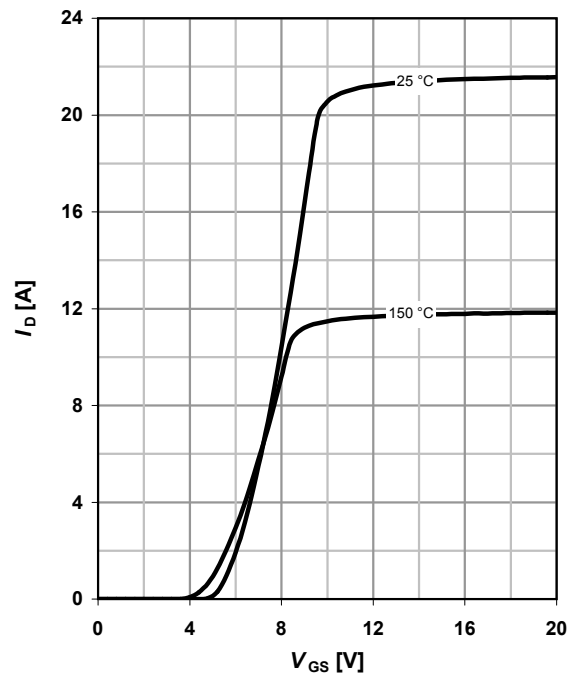
$R_{DS(on)} = f(T_j); I_D = 4.6\text{ A}; V_{GS} = 10\text{ V}$



8 Typ. transfer characteristics

$I_D = f(V_{GS}); |V_{DS}| > 2 I_D / R_{DS(on)max}$

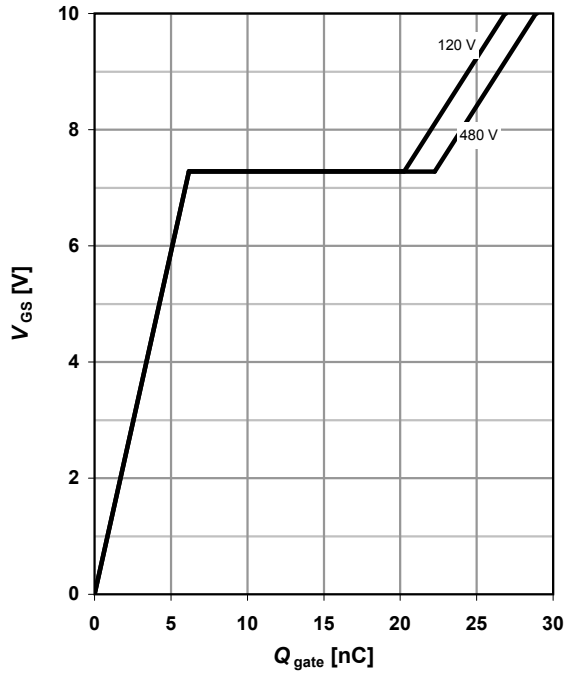
parameter: T_j



9 Typ. gate charge

$V_{GS}=f(Q_{gate}); I_D=6.6 \text{ A pulsed}$

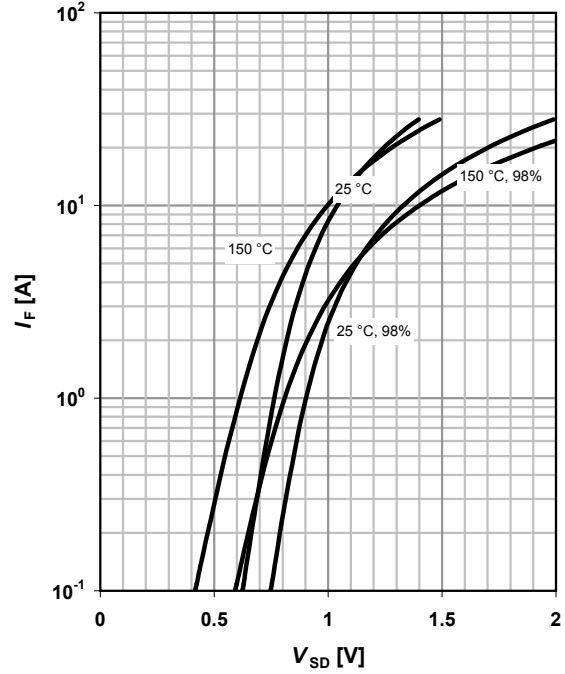
parameter: V_{DD}



10 Forward characteristics of reverse diode

$I_F=f(V_{SD})$

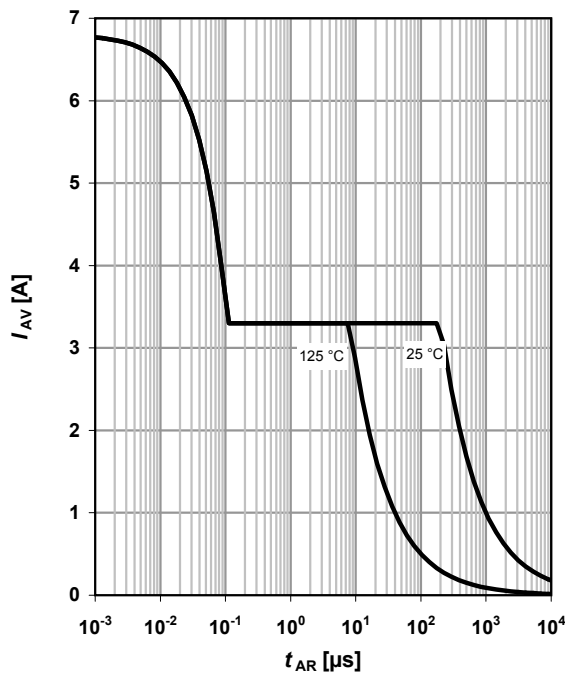
parameter: T_j



11 Avalanche SOA

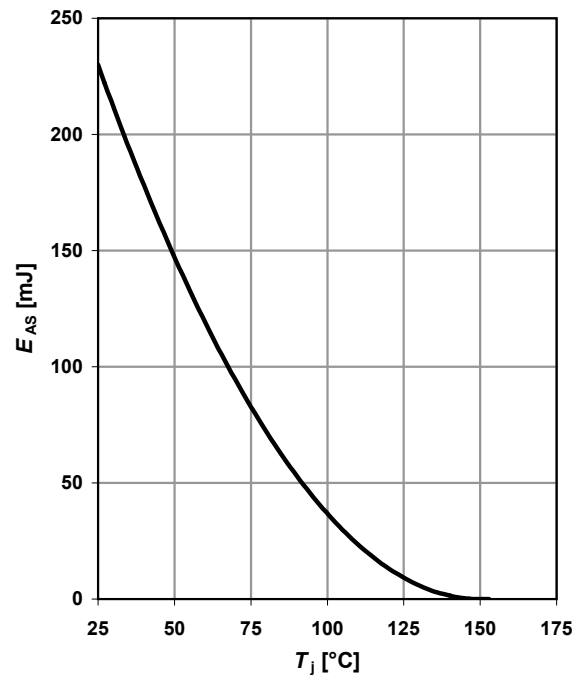
$I_{AR}=f(t_{AR})$

parameter: $T_{j(start)}$



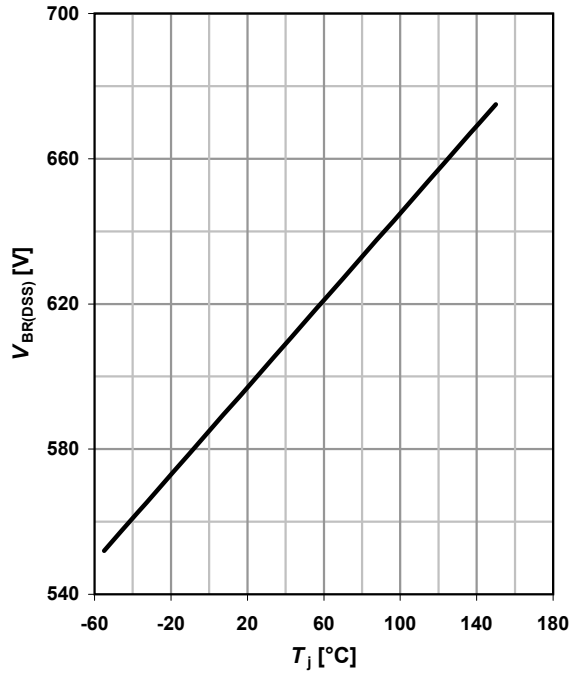
12 Avalanche energy

$E_{AS}=f(T_j); I_D=3.3 \text{ A}; V_{DD}=50 \text{ V}$



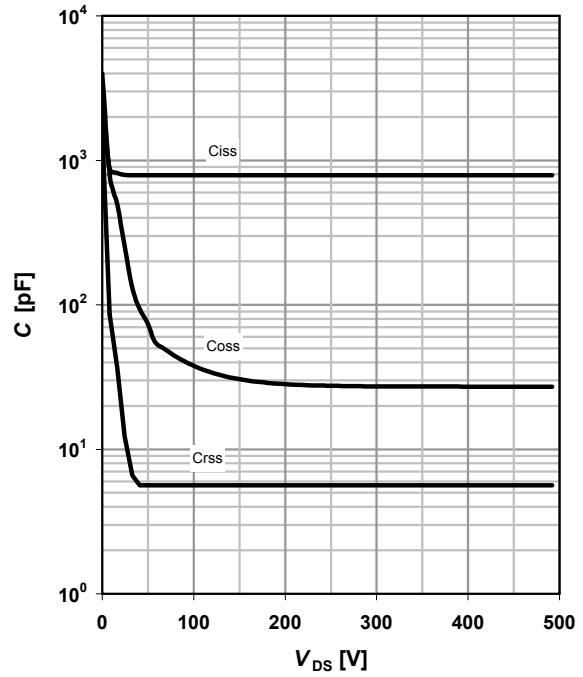
13 Drain-source breakdown voltage

$$V_{BR(DSS)} = f(T_j);$$



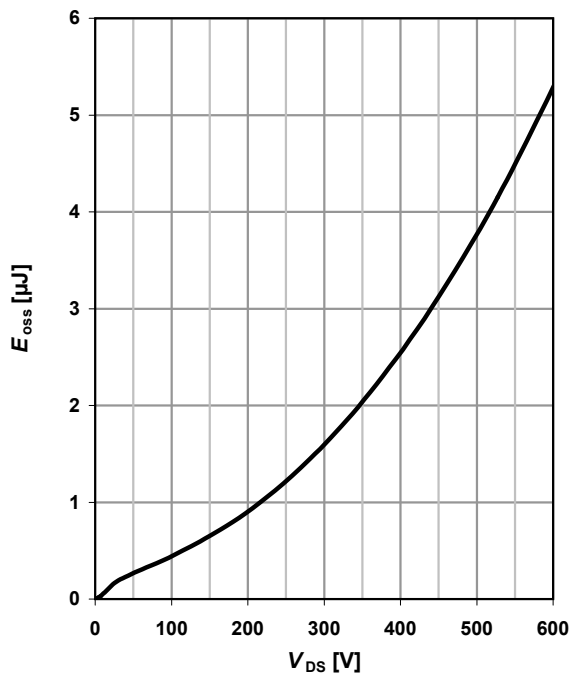
14 Typ. capacitances

$$C = f(V_{DS}); V_{GS} = 0 \text{ V}; f = 1 \text{ MHz}$$



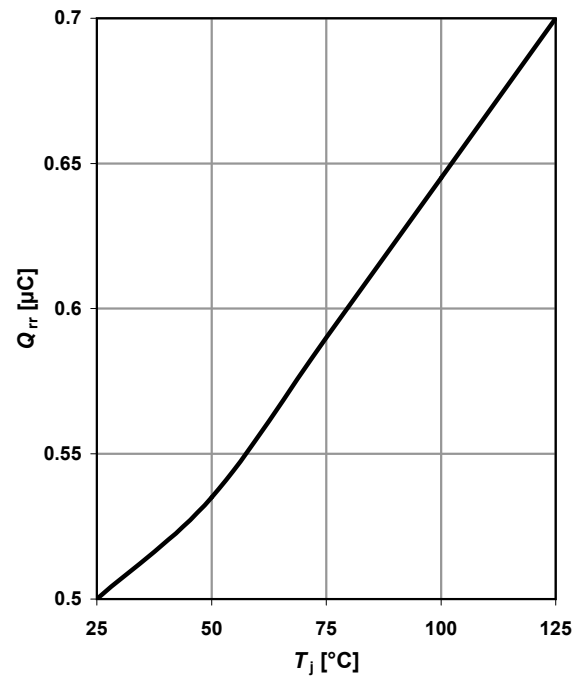
15 Typ. C_{oss} stored energy

$$E_{oss} = f(V_{DS})$$



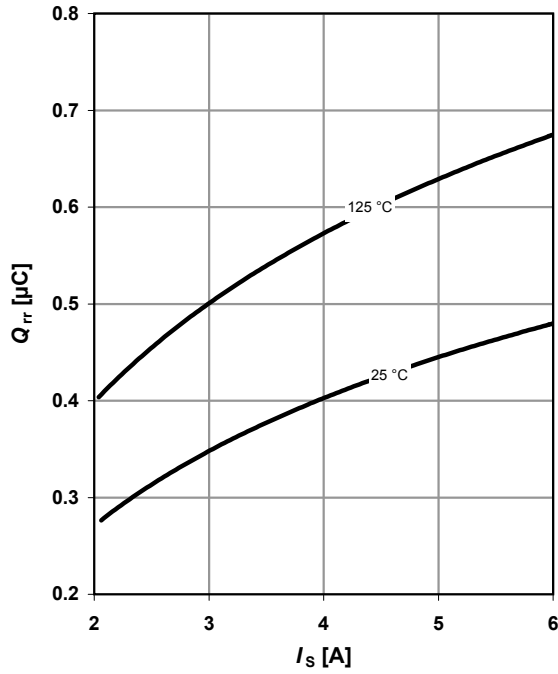
16 Typ. reverse recovery charge

$$Q_{rr} = f(T_j); \text{parameter: } I_D = 6.6 \text{ A}$$



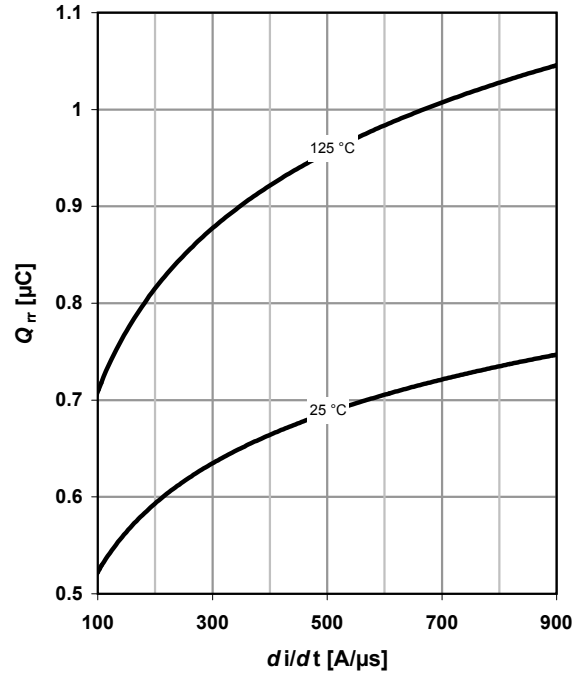
17 Typ. reverse recovery charge

$Q_{rr}=f(I_S)$; parameter: $di/dt=100\text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$

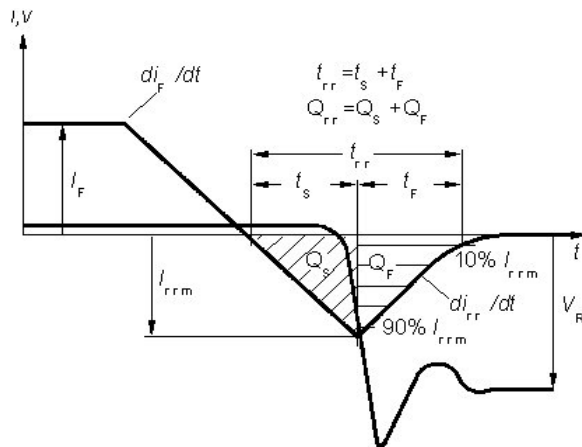


18 Typ. reverse recovery charge

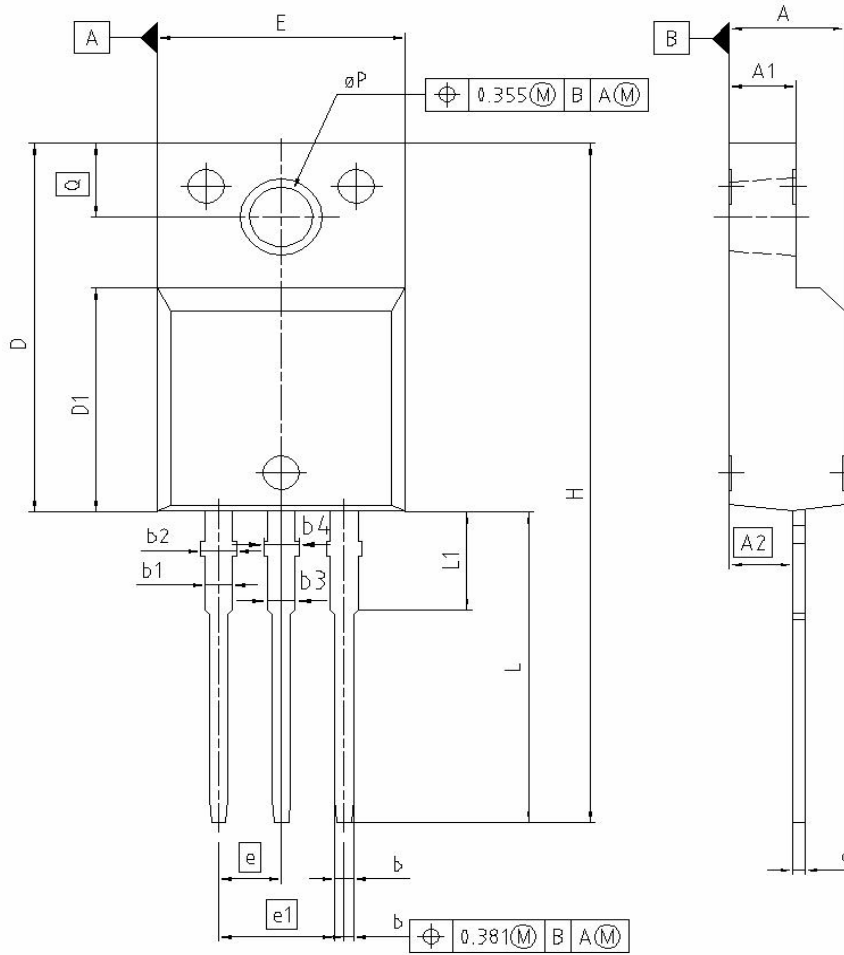
$Q_{rr}=f(di/dt)$; parameter: $I_D=6.6\text{ A}$



Definition of diode switching characteristics



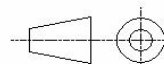
PG-TO220-3-31; -3-111: Outlines/Fully isolated package (2500VAC; 1 minute)



DIM	MILLIMETERS		INCHES	
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
A	4.55	4.85	0.179	0.191
A1	2.55	2.85	0.100	0.112
A2	2.42	2.72	0.095	0.107
b	0.65	0.85	0.026	0.033
b1	0.95	1.33	0.037	0.052
b2	0.95	1.51	0.037	0.059
b3	0.65	1.33	0.026	0.052
b4	0.65	1.51	0.026	0.059
c	0.40	0.63	0.016	0.025
D	15.85	16.15	0.624	0.636
D1	9.53	9.83	0.375	0.387
E	10.35	10.65	0.407	0.419
e	2.54		0.100	
e1	5.08		0.200	
N	3		3	
H	29.45	29.75	1.159	1.171
L	13.45	13.75	0.530	0.541
L1	3.15	3.45	0.124	0.136
pP	2.95	3.20	0.116	0.126
Q	3.15	3.50	0.124	0.138

REFERENCE
..

SCALE
0 2.5 5mm

EUROPEAN PROJECTION


ISSUE DATE
08-01-2007

FILE
TO220_2

Dimensions in mm/ inches

Published by
Infineon Technologies AG
81726 München, Germany
© Infineon Technologies AG 2006.

Attention please!

The information given in this data sheet shall in no event be regarded as a guarantee of conditions or characteristics ("Beschaffenheitsgarantie"). With respect to any examples or hints given herein, any typical values stated herein and/or any information regarding the application of the device, Infineon Technologies hereby disclaims any and all warranties and liabilities of any kind, including without limitation warranties of non-infringement of intellectual property rights of any third party.

Information

For further information on technology, delivery terms and conditions and prices please contact your nearest Infineon Technologies Office (www.infineon.com).

Warnings

Due to technical requirements components may contain dangerous substances. For information on the types in question please contact your nearest Infineon Technologies Office.

Infineon Technologies Components may only be used in life-support devices or systems with the express written approval of Infineon Technologies, if a failure of such components can reasonably be expected to cause the failure of that life-support device or system, or to affect the safety or effectiveness of that device or system. Life support devices or systems are intended to be implanted in the human body, or to support and/or maintain and sustain and/or protect human life. If they fail, it is reasonable to assume that the health of the user or other persons may be endangered.